Subject: Implementation of Section of the RTI Act 2005

Reference Commission’s directive dated 15.11.2010 under Section 19(8)(a) to the public authorities for time-bound implementation of Section 4 obligations under the RTI Act.

2. I invite your kind attention to the directive of the Commission for time-bound implementation of the provisions of Section 4 of the RTI Act, issued under the powers vested in it under Section 19(8)(a) of the RTI Act. Section 19(8)(a) of the Act states the following:

"19(8) In its decision, the Central Information Commission or State Information Commission, as the case may be, has the power to—
(a) require the public authority to take any such steps as may be necessary to secure compliance with the provisions of this Act, including—

(i) by providing access to information, if so requested, in a particular form;
(ii) by appointing a Central Public Information Officer or State Public Information Officer, as the case may be;
(iii) by publishing certain information or categories of information;
(iv) by making necessary changes to its practices in relation to the maintenance, management and destruction of records;
(v) by enhancing the provision of training on the right to information for its officials;
(vi) by providing it with an annual report in compliance with clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 4;"

3. The directive emphasizes that compliance with the Section 4 obligations by public authorities is at the heart of the RTI Act. It enjoined public authorities to accept transparency commitments by undertaking time-bound suo-motu disclosures.

4. Underlining that, transparency commitments and suo-motu disclosures would remain nothing more than vague promises, unless these are matched by tangible action through proper record-management-practices, and time-bound disclosure of
several items of identifiable information under supervision and guidance of a senior officer of the public authority, this directive gives the following instructions:-

(i) Public authorities to carry out time-bound action to complete parts of their Section 4 obligation within 120 days.

(ii) The balance obligations, which involve sifting of records and making a conscious determination about what information can be brought into the public domain suo-motu, is to be completed within six months. This is part of the record-management aspect of Section 4 of the Act.

(iii) It commends designation by the public authority of a sufficiently senior officer as Transparency Officer, to oversee the implementation of the Section 4 obligations. These officers are also required to be the interface with the Central Information Commission on the one hand and the public on the other, about transparency aspects of the functioning of the public authority.

5. As per the provisions of the RTI Act, a large part of the Section 4 commitment by the public authorities was to be completed within 120 days of the Act coming into force, i.e. 15th June, 2005. Certain public authorities have made some serious effort in this direction, but the overall action in implementing this provision has been slow and halting. This has necessitated the present directive.

6. It is important to note that Section 4 obligates the public authorities to use the latest technologies to discharge their transparency commitments under that Section, subject to availability of resources.

7. Commission feels that it has now become necessary that the top echelons of the public authorities are sensitized about seriously addressing the several aspects of discharging their Section 4 commitments, including progressive digitization of data and use of other available technologies, to not only make transparency the hallmark of their functioning, but also to create the right conditions for the public to access the information through painless and efficient processes that shall be put in place.

8. The ultimate aim of the RTI Act is that public should have access to most information held by public authorities without the use of the RTI laws. Section 4 of the RTI Act is an initial, but necessary, prelude to achievement of that objective. Hence the importance of this Section.

9. I have been directed by the Commission to communicate to you its above mentioned directive for implementation by your Ministry / Department as well as all public authorities within your jurisdiction. It is requested that you may kindly issue appropriate directives to all top officers under your control as well as to the top officials of the public authorities controlled by the Ministry / Department to give immediate effect to the Commission's directive dated 15.11.2010.

10. It is further requested that the relevant details of the officer designated as Transparency Officer by your Ministry / Department may be intimated to the Commission in about two-weeks' time. It is also requested that the public authorities within your jurisdiction may also be similarly instructed.
11. A portal is being set-up for uploading all the Section-4-compliance-related information. The idea is that an average citizen should be able to see for himself as to how public authorities have progressed in complying with the transparency obligations cast on them by Section 4 of the RTI Act. The details about the portal being developed shall be sent to you separately.

12. For the purpose of uploading information, a format has been devised, which is enclosed. It is requested that your Ministry/Department as well as all public authorities under your jurisdiction may be instructed that the information relating to Section 4-compliance should be put-up on the portal in the format prescribed and annexed.

13. It is requested that, given the importance of this initiative for promoting not only transparency, but overall good governance, this matter may kindly receive your personal attention and necessary instructions be issued to all concerned about implementing the Commission's directive within the prescribed time-schedules.

14. Any clarification with regard to the Commission's directive and its implementation may be obtained from Shri Aakash Deep Chakravarti, Joint Secretary (Legal) (Tel. No. (011) 26105021 and e-mail aakash.dc@nic.in) or Shri Pankaj Kumar Pandey Shreyaskar (Tel. No. (011) 26717354 and e-mail: pkp.shreyaskar@nic.in).

15. I shall be grateful, if this communication is acknowledged.

**Enclosures:-**

1. Commission's directive dated 15.11.2010
2. Format for uploading Section 4 information

Sincerely,

(B.B. SRIVASTAVA)

Shri Dhruv Vijay Singh
Secretary
Ministry of Water Resources
Shram Shakti Bhavan, Rafi Marg
New Delhi
Commission has been noting in its decisions that although the RTI Act has now been in place for five years, a key element of the law — voluntary disclosure by public authorities, enshrined in Section 4 of the Act — has not been fully implemented in letter and spirit. There are, no-doubt, departments and public authorities, which are more transparent and open than the others, but most do not conform to the matrix of disclosure set-out in Section 4.

2. Transparency has not become such a good idea because of the presence of the RTI Act, but it is good because transparency promotes good governance. Of the records, documents and files held by public authorities, a very large part can be made available for inspection, or be disclosed on request to the citizens, without any detriment to the interest of the public authority. This has not been done, or has still not been systematically addressed, largely because of an intuitive acceptance of secrecy as the general norm of the functioning of public authorities. This mental barrier needs to be crossed, not so much through talks and proclamation of adherence to openness in governance, but through tangible action — small things, which cumulatively promote an atmosphere of openness.
3. Section 4 of the RTI Act randomly lists out some of these steps/actions.

4. The following aspects need to be noted:
   
   (i) Secrecy in the functioning of the public authority should be the exception and not the norm, since as stated in the Preamble to the RTI Act, transparency of information is vital to a functioning democracy.

   (ii) Oftentimes public authorities are unable to decide on what records and documents to be made public, or what parts of its action to be made open, mostly because of poor record-management-practices, which make it difficult to take focused decisions about what records to be made routinely available to the public.

   Therefore, the first step towards promotion of transparency in the functioning of the public authority should be an improvement in the record-management practices. Section 4 lists-out the ingredients of record management in some detail.

   (iii) When the record management practices are fully established in the public authority, the next step is to categorize the documents in terms of what can be disclosed voluntarily and what cannot be voluntarily disclosed.
Act be discharged by the public authorities as per the time-limits set out against each activity.

I. **Record Management Obligation:**

Section 4(1) states that every public authority shall –

a) maintain all its records duly catalogued and indexed in a manner and the form which facilitates the right to information under this Act and ensure that all records that are appropriate to be computerised are, within a reasonable time and subject to availability of resources, computerised and connected through a network all over the country on different systems so that access to such records is facilitated;

This translates into the following action points:

1. Catalogue records and index them for easy dissemination and disclosure.

2. Computerize records in a phased manner subject to availability of resources.

Similar obligation is also cast on public authority by Section 4(1)(b)(vi) and Section 4(1)(b)(xiv), which enjoin publishing within one hundred and twenty days from the enactment of this Act,—

(vi) a statement of the categories of documents that are held by it or under its control;

(xiv) details in respect of the information, available to or held by it, reduced in an electronic form;"

It is directed that all public authorities implement the above obligations within 6 months (except for no.2 above).
The second category could be some sort of a negative list—a list of documents which a public authority is not in a position to bring into the open-category straightaway, but would examine its disclosure under RTI Act.

(iv) The record-management practice, as much as possible, should be technologically driven. Technology should be used for efficient and wide dissemination of information subject to availability of resources and know-how.

This is an additional requirement to the proper record-management practice commended by Section 4.

(v) While Section 4 enjoins public authorities to perform certain tasks for voluntary disclosure of information within 120 days of the commencement of the Act, i.e. on 12th October, 2005, it allows them "reasonable time" for putting in place a good record management practice supported by technology.

(vi) Section 4 also enjoins Public Authorities to update the proactive disclosures every year.

5. The time has come now when the public authorities must start a sustained drive to inform their governance practices with transparency and to take the series of small steps required to put in place a system which promotes it. Section 4 provides only a window to possible actions and, much more will need to be done in order to achieve the type of goals which are envisaged.

6. Therefore, by powers vested in the Commission by Section 19(8)(a) of the RTI Act, we direct that the obligations set out in Section 4 of the
II. Personnel related details and functions of public authorities:

The relevant portions of Section 4 calls upon public authorities to carry out the following:

"b) publish within one hundred and twenty days from the enactment of this Act,—

(i) the particulars of its organisation, functions and duties;

(ii) the powers and duties of its officers and employees;

(iii) the procedure followed in the decision making process, including channels of supervision and accountability;

(iv) the norms set by it for the discharge of its functions;

(v) the rules, regulations, instructions, manuals and records, held by it or under its control or used by its employees for discharging its functions;

(vii) the particulars of any arrangement that exists for consultation with, or representation by, the members of the public in relation to the formulation of its policy or implementation thereof;

(viii) a statement of the boards, councils, committees and other bodies consisting of two or more persons constituted as its part or for the purpose of its advice, and as to whether meetings of those boards, councils, committees and other bodies are open to the public, or the minutes of such meetings are accessible for public;

(ix) a directory of its officers and employees;

(x) the monthly remuneration received by each of its officers and employees, including the system of compensation as provided in its regulations;

(xi) the budget allocated to each of its agency, indicating the particulars of all plans, proposed expenditures and reports on disbursements made;
(xii) the manner of execution of subsidy programmes, including the amounts allocated and the details of beneficiaries of such programmes;

(xiii) particulars of recipients of concessions, permits or authorisations granted by it;

(xv) the particulars of facilities available to citizens for obtaining information, including the working hours of a library or reading room, if maintained for public use;

(xvi) the names, designations and other particulars of the Public Information Officers;

(xvii) such other information as may be prescribed; and thereafter update these publications every year;"

7. Public authorities were to have implemented these obligations within 120 days of the coming into force of the RTI Act on 15th June, 2005. In our experience, the action in this regard has been rather tardy. It is time that these directives of the law are fully implemented in a systematic manner through time-bound action. Commission, therefore, directs that these actions as ordained above shall be completed by all public authorities within a period of 120 days from the date of this order.

8. Commission further directs that,

(i) The information in compliance with Section 4 obligation by public authorities shall be uploaded on a portal to be set up exclusively for this purpose by the CIC.

(ii) Within 30 days of this order, each public authority shall designate one of their senior officers as "TRANSPARENCY OFFICER" (with all necessary supporting personnel), whose task it will be
(a) to oversee the implementation of the Section 4 obligation by public authorities, and to apprise the top management of its progress.

(b) to be the interface for the CIC regarding the progress of (a).

(c) help promote congenial conditions for positive and timely response to RTI-requests by CPIOs, deemed-CPIOs.

(d) to be a contact point for the public in all RTI-related matters.

(iii) Names of the Transparency Officers shall be communicated to the Commission by public authorities.

9. Commission wishes to emphasise, that as laid-down in Section 4(2) of the RTI Act, it should be the constant endeavour of every public authority to take steps in accordance with the requirements of clause (b) of sub-section (1) to provide as much information suo-motu to the public at regular intervals through various means of communications, including internet, so that the public have minimum resort to the use of this Act to obtain information.

10. Unless the key requirements of Section 4 are fully met by the public authorities 'suo-motu', the objectives of this Act as enshrined in
its Preamble and Section 4 itself cannot be realized. Hence this directive.

11. Each Ministry or Department shall forward the directives to Public Authorities under their jurisdiction exercisable under Section 25(2) of RTI Act, 2005.

Authenticated By: 

(Aakash Deep Chakravarti) 
Joint Secretary (Law) & Additional Registrar
Agenda 5: Suggested format for compliance of direction issued by the Commission U/s 19 (8) (a)

I. Objective/purpose of the public authority

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mission/Vision Statement of the public authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brief history of the public authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duties of the public authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main activities/functions of the public authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List of services being provided by the public authority with a brief write-up on them.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organizational Structure Diagram at various levels namely State, directorate, region district, block etc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expectation of the public authority from the public for enhancing its effectiveness and efficiency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrangements and methods made for seeking public participation/contribution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanism available for monitoring the service delivery and public grievance resolution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Please provide details of the powers and duties of officers and employees of the organization.

III. Please provide list of rules, regulations, instructions, manual and records, held by public authority or under its control or used by its employees for discharging functions as per the following format. This format has to be filled for each type of document.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Subject/Topic</th>
<th>Is it mandatory to ensure public participation (yes/no)</th>
<th>Arrangements for seeking public participation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-NIL-</td>
<td>-NIL-</td>
<td>-NIL-</td>
<td>-NIL-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IV. Whether there is any provision to seek consultation/participation of public or its representatives for formulation of policies? If there is, please provide details of such policy in following format.
V. Whether there is any provision to seek consultation/participation of public or its representatives for formulation of policies? If there is, please provide details of provisions in following format.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>Subject Topic</th>
<th>Is it mandatory to ensure public participation (yes/no)</th>
<th>Arrangements for seeking public participation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bharatendu Harishchandra Awards</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Members of selection committee are chosen from the respective fields.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VI. Use the format given below to give the information about the official documents. Also mention the place where the documents are available e.g. at secretariat level, directorate level, others (Please mention the level in place of writing “Others”).

VII. Please provide information on Boards, Councils, Committees and Other Bodies related to the public authority in the following format:

- Name and address of the Affiliated Body
- Type of Affiliated Body (Board, Council, Committees, Other Bodies)
- Brief Introduction of the Affiliated Body (Establishment Year, Objective/Main Activities)
- Role of the Affiliated Body (Advisory/Managing/Executive/Others)
- Structure and Member Composition
- Head of the Body
- Address and main office and its Branches
- Frequency of Meetings
- Can public participate in the meetings?
- Are minutes of the meetings prepared?
- Not Applicable

VIII. Please provide contact information about the Public Information Officers, Assistant Public Information Officers and Departmental Appellate Authority of the Public authority

IX. What is the procedure followed to take a decision for various matters? (A reference to Secretariat Manual and rule of Business Manual, and other Rules/regulations etc. can be made)
X. What are the documented procedures/laid down procedures/Defined Criteria/Rules to arrive at a particular decision matters? What are different levels through which a decision process moves?

XI. What are the arrangements to communicate the decision to the public?

XII. Who are the offices at various levels whose opinions are sought for the process of decision making?

XIII. Who are the offices at various levels whose opinions are sought for the process of decision making?

XIV. Who is the final authority that vets the decision?

XV. Please provide information separately in the following format for the important matters on which the decision is taken by the public authority.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Subject on which the decision is to be taken</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Publication and Marketing of Books</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process of Execution</th>
<th>As per the prevailing practices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Obtaining manuscript, vetting (if necessary), editing, typesetting, proof-reading, cover and...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XVI. Directory of Officers and Employees

XVII. Please provide information about the details of the budget for different activities under different schemes in the given format:

XVIII. The Manner of Execution of Subsidy Programmes

Please provide the information as per the following format:

- Name of Programme/scheme
- Duration of the programme/scheme
- Objective of the programme
- Physical and financial targets of the programme (for the last year)
- Eligibility of Beneficiary
- Pre-requisites for the benefit
- Procedure to avail the benefits of the programme
- Criteria for deciding eligibility
- Detail of the benefits given in the programme (also mention the amount of subsidy or other help given)
- Procedure for the distribution of the subsidy
- Where to apply or whom to contact in the office for applying
- Application fee (where applicable)
- Other fees (where applicable)
- Application format (where applicable. If the application is made on plain paper please mention it along with what the applicant should mention in the application)
- List of attachments (certificates/documents)
- Format of Attachments
- Where to contact in case of process related complaints
- Details of the available fund (At various levels like District level, Block level etc.)
XIX. Particulars of Recipients of concessions, permits or authorizations granted by it
Please provide the information as per the following format
Name of the Programme
Type (Concession/Permits/Authorization)
Objective
Targets set (for the last year)
Eligibility
Criteria for the eligibility
Pre-requisites
Procedure to avail the benefits
Time limit for the concession/Permits/Authorizations
Application Fee (Where applicable)
Application format (where applicable)
List of attachments (certificates/documents)
Format of attachments

XX. Please provide the details of the Norms/Standards set by the Department for
execution of various activities/programmes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Item of work</th>
<th>Prescribed Norms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Receipt of manuscript from author for publication</td>
<td>One month for consideration and approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Planning/processing of the proposal of book</td>
<td>Two weeks after approval of the manuscript</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Composing of book and designing of cover</td>
<td>6 to 8 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Checking of proofs/rechecking of final proofs</td>
<td>6 to 8 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Final Printings</td>
<td>Time limits after receipt of final approved proofs, 6 to 8 weeks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Payment of Bills</td>
<td>Within 60 days of receipts of bills, subject to availability of funds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Mailing of books</td>
<td>Within 15 days of receipt of order from the client and completion of other formalities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Subscribers of Journals/Employment News</td>
<td>Within 4 weeks form the receipt of subscriptions complete in all respects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Complaints &amp; suggestions from readers</td>
<td>15 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Grievance Redressal</td>
<td>Within 30 days of receipts of complaints.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XXI. Please provide the details of the information related to the various schemes
which are available in the electronic format.

XXII. Means, methods or facilitation available to the public which are adopted by the
department for dissemination of information.

XXIII. Frequency Asked Questions and their Answers
XXIV. Related to seeking Information

XXV. With relation to training imparted to public by Public Authority

Name of training programme with brief description

Time period for Training Programme/Scheme

Objective of training

Physical and Financial Targets (Last Year)

Eligibility for training

Pre requisite for training (If any)

Description of help (Mention the amount of Financial help, if any)

Procedure of giving help

Contact Information for applying

Application Fee (Wherever applicable)

Other Fees (Wherever applicable)

Application Form (In case the application is made on plain paper please mention the details which the applicant has to provide)

List of enclosures/documents

Format of enclosures/documents

Procedure of application

Process followed in the Public Authority after the receipt of application

Normal time taken for issuance of certificate

Validity period of certificate (If applicable)

Process of renewal (If any)

Selection Procedure

Time table of training programme (In case available)

Process to inform the trainee about the training schedule

Arrangement made by the Public Authority for creating public awareness about the training programme.

List of Beneficiary of the training programme at various levels like district level, block level etc.